

MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

نموذج وصف المادة الدراسية

Module Information			
معلومات المادة الدراسية			
Module Title	Numerical Analysis		Module Delivery
Module Type	Basic		☒ Theory ☐ Lecture ☐ Lab ☒ Tutorial ☐ Practical ☐ Seminar
Module Code	ATU11607		
ECTS Credits	4		
SWL (hr/sem)	100		
Module Level	UGIII	Semester of Delivery	
Administering Department		College	NETC
Module Leader		e-mail	
Module Leader's Acad. Title		Module Leader's Qualification	
Module Tutor	Name (if available)	e-mail	
Peer Reviewer Name	Nasir Hussein Selman	e-mail	Coj.nas@atu.edu.iq
Scientific Committee Approval Date	01/05/2025	Version Number	1.0

Relation with other Modules			
العلاقة مع المواد الدراسية الأخرى			
Prerequisite module	None	Semester	
Co-requisites module	None	Semester	

Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents أهداف المادة الدراسية ونتائج التعلم والمحتويات الإرشادية	
Module Objectives أهداف المادة الدراسية	Linear Algebra Techniques: Master methods for solving systems of linear equations using Gaussian elimination, Gauss-Jordan elimination, and matrix inversion. Understand eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Numerical Methods for Nonlinear Equations and Integration: Apply iterative methods (Jacobi's and Gauss-Seidel), interpolation techniques, and various methods for solving nonlinear equations (fixed point, bisection, false position, secant, and Newton-Raphson). Implement numerical integration methods, including the trapezoidal and Simpson's methods. Numerical Solutions for Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs): Solve initial value problems for first and second-order ODEs using methods such as Euler, modified Euler, Runge-Kutta, predictor-corrector, finite difference, and Runge-Kutta-Nystrom methods.
Module Learning Outcomes مخرجات التعلم للمادة الدراسية	Problem Solving in Linear Algebra: Students will be able to effectively solve systems of linear equations using various techniques, including Gaussian elimination and Gauss-Jordan elimination, and compute matrix inverses. Application of Numerical Methods: Students will demonstrate proficiency in applying iterative methods (Jacobi's and Gauss-Seidel) and interpolation techniques to solve nonlinear equations and estimate function values. Numerical Integration and ODE Solutions: Students will be capable of utilizing numerical integration methods (trapezoidal and Simpson's) and solving ordinary differential equations (first and second order) using techniques such as Euler, Runge-Kutta, and predictor-corrector methods, analyzing their accuracy and stability.
Indicative Contents المحتويات الإرشادية	Linear Algebra - Introduction to systems of linear equations - Gaussian elimination and Gauss-Jordan elimination - Matrix inversion techniques - Eigenvalues and eigenvectors - Properties of symmetric, skew-symmetric, and orthogonal matrices Numerical Methods in Linear Algebra - Iterative methods for solving linear systems - Jacobi's method - Gauss-Seidel method - Interpolation techniques - Lagrange interpolation - Newton's divided difference Numerical Solutions of Nonlinear Equations - Fixed point iteration - Bisection method - False position (regula falsi) method - Secant method - Newton-Raphson method Numerical Integration

	• Trapezoidal rule • Simpson's rule • Error analysis in numerical integration 5- Numerical Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs) • Initial value problems for first-order ODEs ○ Taylor series method ○ Euler and modified Euler methods ○ Runge-Kutta methods ○ Predictor-corrector methods • Initial value problems for second-order ODEs ○ Finite difference methods ○ Runge-Kutta-Nystrom method 6- Applications and Case Studies • Real-world applications of linear algebra and numerical methods • Case studies demonstrate the use of numerical techniques in engineering, physics, and data science
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Learning and Teaching Strategies استراتيجيات التعلم والتعليم	
Strategies	1- Lectures and Interactive Discussions: Deliver foundational concepts through lectures, supplemented by discussions to engage students and clarify complex topics. 2- Hands-On Practice and Computer Simulations: Provide problem sets for practical application and utilize software tools (e.g., MATLAB, Python) for implementing algorithms and visualizing results. 3- Collaborative Projects and Case Studies: Encourage group projects on real-world applications of numerical methods and integrate case studies to enhance relevance. 4- Quizzes and Support: Implement regular quizzes for feedback and offer office hours for additional support, allowing students to clarify doubts. 5- Peer Teaching: Encourage students to present topics to their peers, reinforcing their understanding and developing communication skills

Student Workload (SWL) الحمل الدراسي للطالب محسوب لـ ١٥ اسبوعا			
Structured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	48	Structured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	
Unstructured SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب خلال الفصل	52	Unstructured SWL (h/w) الحمل الدراسي غير المنتظم للطالب أسبوعيا	
Total SWL (h/sem) الحمل الدراسي الكلي للطالب خلال الفصل	100		

Module Evaluation					
تقييم المادة الدراسية					
		Time/Number	Weight (Marks)	Week Due	Relevant Learning Outcome
Formative assessment	Quizzes	2	10% (10)	5 and 10	LO #1, #2 and #10, #11
	Assignments	2	10% (10)	2 and 12	LO #3, #4 and #6, #7
	Projects /Siminar	1	10% (10)	Continuous	All
	Report	1	10% (10)	13	LO #5, #8 and #10
Summative assessment	Midterm Exam	2hr	10% (10)	7	LO #1 - #7
	Final Exam	3hr	50% (50)	16	All
Total assessment			100% (100 Marks)		

Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)	
المنهاج الاسبوعي النظري	
	Material Covered
Week 1	linear algebra: - solution of system linear equations; Gauss and Gauss-Jordon method
Week 2	Matrix inversion by Gauss-Jordan method.
Week 3	Eigenvalue and Eigen vectors
Week 4	Numerical method in linear algebra: - solution of system linear equations; by iteration (Jacobi's and Gauss-Siedel) method;
Week 5	Interpolation.
Week 6	Solution of nonlinear equation: -fixed point, bisection method
Week 7	false position method; secant method
Week 8	Newton-Raphson method
Week 9	Numerical integration: - trapezoidal method; Simpson method
Week 10	Mid -Term Exam
Week 11	Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations (ODE):- initial value problem for first order ODE
Week 12	Taylor's Series least square
Week 13	Euler and modified Euler
Week 14	Runge-Kutta; predictor corrector method; initial value problem for 2'nd order ODE
Week 15	finite difference; Runge-Kutta Nystrom method.
Week 16	Final Exam

Learning and Teaching Resources مصادر التعلم والتدريس		
	Text	Available in the Library?
Required Texts	Advanced Engineering Mathematics" by Erwin Kreyszig	Yes
Recommended Texts	"Introduction to Linear Algebra" by Gilbert Strang	No
Websites	https://www.lboro.ac.uk/departments/mlsc/student-resources/helm-workbooks/	

Grading Scheme مخطط الدرجات				
Group	Grade	التقدير	Marks %	Definition
Success Group (50 - 100)	A - Excellent	امتياز	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
	B - Very Good	جيد جدا	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
	C – Good	جيد	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
	D - Satisfactory	متوسط	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	E - Sufficient	مقبول	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
Fail Group (0 – 49)	FX – Fail	راسب (قيد المعالجة)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
	F – Fail	راسب	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required
Note: Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.				